Voice Principal Superifentlent ITI Comp. Essen 2024. Dept of 413905 (Shill Ent. Dept) years it yes is it is : 24

प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व बारकोड / Question Booklet No. & Barcode

Paper Code: 03

इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए। Do not open this Question Booklet until you are asked to do so.

पुस्तिका में पृष्ठों की संख्या : 24

Number of Pages in Booklet : 24

पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या : 150

No. of Questions in Booklet : 150

Sub: Computer Science Engineering

समय : 02:30 घण्टे + 10 मिनट अतिरिक्त\* Gran Dete 30/07/2025.
Time : 02:30 Hours + 10 Minutes Extra\*

अधिकतम अंक : 150

Maximum Marks: 150

- प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या तथा ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक पर अंकित बारकोड संख्या समान हैं।
- प्रश्न-पुस्तिका एवं ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक के सभी पृष्ठ व सभी प्रश्न सही मुद्रित हैं। समस्त प्रश्न, जैसा कि ऊपर वर्णित है, उपलब्ध हैं तथा कोई भी पृष्ठ कम नहीं है/ मुद्रण त्रुटि नहीं है। किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति या दोषपूर्ण होने पर परीक्षार्थी वीक्षक से दूसरा प्रश्न-पत्र प्राप्त कर लें। यह सुनिश्चित करने की जिम्मेदारी अभ्यर्थी की होगी। परीक्षा प्रारम्भ होने के 5 मिनट पश्चात् ऐसे किसी दावे/आपत्ति पर कोई विचार नहीं किया जायेगा।

On opening the paper seal/polythene bag of the Question Booklet before attempting the question paper, the candidate should ensure that:

Question Booklet Number and Barcode Number of OMR Answer Sheet are same.

 All pages & Questions of Question Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet are properly printed. All questions as mentioned above are available and no page is missing/misprinted.

If there is any discrepancy/defect, candidate must obtain another Question Booklet from Invigilator. Candidate himself shall be responsible for ensuring this. No claim/objection in this regard will be entertained after five minutes of start of examination.

#### परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश

- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिये एक विकल्प भरना अनिवार्य है ।
- सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं ।
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न का मात्र एक ही उत्तर दीजिए । एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गलत माना जाएगा ।
- OMR उत्तर-पत्रक इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के अन्दर रखा है । जब आपको प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने को कहा जाए, तो उत्तर-पत्रक निकाल कर ध्यान से केवल नीले बॉल पॉइंट पेन से विवरण भरें ।
- कृपया अपना रोल नम्बर ओ,एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक पर सावधानीपूर्वक सही भरें । गलत रोल नम्बर भरने पर परीक्षार्थी स्वयं उत्तरदायी होगा ।
- ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक में करेक्शन पेन/व्हाईटनर/सफेदा का उपयोग निषिद्ध है।
- प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा । गलत उत्तर से ताल्पर्य अशद्ध उत्तर अथवा किसी भी प्रश्न के एक से अधिक उत्तर से हैं ।
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के पाँच विकल्प दिये गये हैं, जिन्हें क्रमश: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 अंकित किया गया है । अभ्यर्थी को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक गोले (बबल) को उत्तर-पत्रक पर नीले बॉल पाँइंट पेन से गहरा करना है ।
- 9. यदि आप प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं तो उत्तर-पत्रक में पांचवें (5) विकल्प को गहरा करें । यदि पांच में से कोई भी गोला गहरा नहीं किया जाता है, तो ऐसे प्रश्न के लिये प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा ।
- 10.\* प्रश्न-पत्र हल करने के उपरांत अभ्यर्थी अनिवार्य रूप से ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक जांच लें कि समस्त प्रश्नों के लिये एक विकल्प (गोला) भर दिया गया है । इसके लिये ही निर्धारित समय से 10 मिनट का अतिरिक्त समय दिया गया है ।
- यदि अध्यर्थी 10% से अधिक प्रश्नों में पाँच विकल्पों में से कोई भी विकल्प अंकित नहीं करता है तो उसको अयोग्य माना जायेगा ।
- 12. मोबाइल फोन अथवा अन्य किसी इलेक्ट्रोनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा हॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया वर्जित है । यदि किसी अम्यर्थी के पास ऐसी कोई वर्जित सामग्री मिलती है तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग द्वारा नियमानुसार कार्यबाही की जायेगी ।

चेतावनी: अगर कोई अध्यर्थी नकल करते पकड़ा जाता है या उसके पास से कोई अनिधकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है, तो उस अध्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पुलिस में प्राथमिकी दर्ज कराते हुए राजस्थान सार्वजनिक परीक्षा (मर्ती में अनुचित साधनों की रोकथाम अध्युपाय) अधिनियम, 2022 तथा अन्य प्रमावी कानून एवं आयोग के नियमों-प्रावधानों के तहत कार्यवाही की जाएगी। साथ ही आयोग ऐसे अध्यर्थी को भविष्य में होने वाली आयोग की समस्त परीक्षाओं से विवर्जित कर सकता है।

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- 1. It is mandatory to fill one option for each question.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- Only one answer is to be given for each question. If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer.
- The OMR Answer Sheet is inside this Question Booklet. When you are directed to open the Question Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars carefully with Blue Ball Point Pen only.
- Please correctly fill your Roll Number in OMR Answer Sheet. Candidates will themselves be responsible for filling wrong Roll No.
- Use of Correction Pen/Whitener in the OMR Answer Sheet is strictly forbidden.
- 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question.
- Each question has five options marked as 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. You
  have to darken only one circle (bubble) indicating the
  correct answer on the Answer Sheet using BLUE BALL
  POINT PEN.
- If you are not attempting a question then you have to darken the circle '5'. If none of the five circles is darkened, one third (1/3) part of the marks of question shall be deducted.
- 10.\* After solving question paper, candidate must ascertain that he/she has darkened one of the circles (bubbles) for each of the questions. Extra time of 10 minutes beyond scheduled time, is provided for this.
- A candidate who has not darkened any of the five circles in more than 10% questions shall be disqualified.
- 12. Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination hall is strictly prohibited. A candidate found with any of such objectionable material with him/her will be strictly dealt with as per rules.

Warning: If a candidate is found copying or if any unauthorized material is found in his/her possession, F.I.R. would be lodged against him/her in the Police Station and he/she would be liable to be prosecuted under Rajasthan Public Examination (Measures for Prevention of Unfair means in Recruitment) Act, 2022 & any other laws applicable and Commission's Rules-Regulations. Commission may also debar him/her permanently from all future examinations.

उत्तर-पत्रक में दो प्रतियाँ हैं - मूल प्रति और कार्बन प्रति। परीक्षा समाप्ति पर परीक्षा कक्ष छोड़ने से पूर्व परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पत्रक की दोनों प्रतियाँ वीक्षक को सौंपेंगे, परीक्षार्थी स्वयं कार्बन प्रति अलग नहीं करें । वीक्षक उत्तर-पत्रक की मूल प्रति को अपने पास जमा कर, कार्बन प्रति को मूल प्रति से कट लाइन से मोड़ कर सावधानीपूर्वक अलग कर परीक्षार्थी को सौंपेंगे, जिसे परीक्षार्थी अपने साथ ले जायेंगे । परीक्षार्थी को उत्तर-पत्रक की कार्बन प्रति चयन प्रक्रिया पूर्ण होने तक सुरक्षित रखनी होगी एवं आयोग द्वारा माँगे जाने पर प्रस्तुत करनी होगी ।

- Given the overloaded functions:
   int max(int a, int b);
   double max (double a, double b);
   What will be the output of the
   following code? (Assume no syntax)
  - following code ? (Assume no syntax errors)

double val = 6.8; double result = max(2.3, val);

- (1) Calls int max(int, int)
- (2) Calls double max(double, double)
- (3) Compilation error due to ambiguity
- (4) 9.1
- (5) Question not attempted
- 2. Which of the following is/are true statement(s) in C++?

S1: Function can be overloaded

S2: Operator can be overloaded

S3: Constructor can be overloaded

- (1) S3 and S2 only
- (2) S1 and S2 only
- (3) S1, S2 and S3
- (4) S2 only
- (5) Question not attempted
- 3. Complete the code for overloaded template by replacing the ABCD:

```
#include<iostream> cout<<"Outside\n";
using namespace std;
template<class X> int main()
void f(X a) {
    cout<<"Inside\n";
}
ABCD {
</pre>
```

- (1) template <class X, class Y>
   void f(X a, Y b)
- (3) template <class X, class Y>
- (4) template f(X a, Y b)
- (5) Question not attempted

- 4. Which of the following statements about virtual methods in C++ is TRUE?
  - A virtual method must be redefined in every derived class, otherwise it leads to a compilation error.
  - (2) Constructors in C++ can be declared as virtual to support polymorphism.
  - (3) Redefining a virtual method in a derived class requires the same signature and return type as in the base class.
  - (4) A function in a base class becomes virtual if it is declared virtual in any of its derived classes.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 5. Consider the following and determine what will be printed?

- (1) Hello #:1 Hello #:2 Hello #:3
- (2) Hello #:1
- Hello #:0 Hello #:3 Hello #:2
- (3) Hello #:1 Hello #:3 Hello #:2
- (4) Hello #:1 Hello #:3 Hello #:2 Hello #:0
- (5) Question not attempted

- Determine output of the following C++ code ? #include<iostream> return 0: using namespace std; int myfunc(int a); int myfunc (int a) int myfunc (int a, int .b); return a; int main() int myfunc (int a, int (\*fp) (int a, int int bl int (\*fp 1) (int a); return a\*b; fp=myfunc; fp 1=mvfunc; cout << fp (5, 6); (2) 6(1) 5(3) 30(4) 11 (5) Question not attempted
- What will be the output of the 7. following program? #include<iostream> using namespace std; class base{ public: virtual void {cout<<"base::fun"<<end1;} class derived : public base{ public: void fun() {cout<<"derived::fun"< <end1;} }; int main() { derived t1; base \*t2 = new derived(); base \*t3 = &t1;t2->fun(); t3->fun(); return 0; (1) base::fun

base::fun

(3) derived::fun

(4) derived::fun

base::fun

derived::fun

derived::fun

(5) Question not attempted

(2) base::fun

- Which condition causes a stack underflow?(1) Inserting into a full stack
  - (2) Removing from an empty stack
  - (3) Reading beyond the top
  - (4) Allocating too much memory
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 9. Best case time complexity of quick sort is achieved when?
  (1) The pivot divides the array
  - (1) The pivot divides the array equally in every position
  - (2) All elements are the same
  - (3) Array is sorted

10.

(4) Pivot is always the first element

A linked list (without header node)

- (5) Question not attempted
- contains 3 nodes. The nodes are self-referential structures having a node pointer (namely Link) apart from the information. Let START is pointer to the first node and END is pointer to the last node of the linked list. If the following C statements are executed in order, what will happen? (X is a pointer of node type)

START→Link = X→Link; free(X);

X=START→Link;

- (1) Middle Node will be deleted
- (2) First Node will be deleted
- (3) Last Node will be deleted
- (4) START pointer will become NULL
- (5) Question not attempted
- 11. Which of the following algorithms uses the greedy approach to find a Minimum Spanning Tree (MST)?
  - (1) Dijkstra's Algorithm
  - (2) Bellman-Ford Algorithm(3) Kruskal's and Prim's Algorithm
  - (4) Floyd-Warshall Algorithm
    - 5) Overtier not attempted
  - (5) Question not attempted

- 12. For positive n, solution to recurrence relation T(n) = T(2n/3) + 1 is :
   (1) Θ(n)
   (2) Θ(lg n)
   (3) Θ(n lg n)
   (4) Θ(n!)
- What is true about the height h of a B-tree with n keys (n ≥ 1) and minimum degree t ≥ 2?

(5) Question not attempted

- (1)  $h \leq \log_2(n)$
- (2)  $h \leq \log_t(n) + 1$
- $(3) \ h \le \log_t \left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right)$
- $(4) h \leq \log_t(n-1)$
- (5) Question not attempted
- 14. Let hash function H(K) = (K mod 10) is employed to store in-order, the five keys [40, 27, 19, 48, 7] into set of single digit memory addresses (0 9). If linear probing is used to collision resolution, the key K=7 will be stored at which of the following location?
  - (1) 1

(2) 7

(3) 0

- (4) 8
- (5) Question not attempted
- 15. Which of the following best describes memorization in dynamic programming?
  - (1) Using arrays to sort subproblems
  - (2) Storing the results of function calls to avoid recomputation
  - (3) Rewriting recursive functions to be iterative
  - (4) Ignoring sub-problems that don't affect the final result
  - (5) Question not attempted

- 16. Let V = {a, b, c, d, e} is set of vertices and E = {(ab), (ae), (bc), (cd), (de)} is set of edges of a directed graph G = (V, E). Which of the following is a valid topological ordering of G?
  - (1) a, b, e, c, d
  - (2) a, d, e, b, c
  - (3) e, d, c, b, a
  - (4) a, b, c, d, e
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 17. Which of the following is not true about a complete graph with n vertices?
  - (1) It has n(n 1)/2 edges.
  - (2) Each vertex has degree n 1.
  - (3) It contains no cycle.
  - (4) It is connected.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 18. Let a BST is constructed by inputing an ordered list [33, 45, 2, 91, 47, 95] from left to right. Which of the following pair of elements will be on the last level of the BST?
  - (1) 91, 95
- (2) 47, 91
- (3) 47, 95
- (4) 2, 95
- (5) Question not attempted
- 19. Let QUSVPTR is in-order traversal and UVSQTRP is post-order traversal of a binary tree T. Which of the following is pre-order traversal of the binary tree T?
  - (1) PQSUVRT
  - (2) PUQSVRT
  - (3) UVRTPQS
  - (4) SQPRTVU
  - (5) Question not attempted

- What is the time complexity of 20. inserting an element at the beginning of a linked list? (1) O(1)(2) O(n) (4) O(n log n) (3) O(log n) (5) Question not attempted 21. A linear list in which elements can be added or removed at either end but not in the middle, is called \_\_\_\_ (1) Linked List (2) Priority Queue (3) Threaded Binary Tree (4) Deque (5) Question not attempted Consider a linear array A which 22. records the number of cars sold every year from 1932. Let base address of A is 200 and each memory cell of A occupies 4 words. Then address of array element for the year 1965 is: (2) 233 (1) 2165 (3) 332 (4) 1965 (5) Question not attempted How many times the following C 23. program prints "Hello" ? main() fork(); fork(); printf("Hello");
- (1) Only once

(5) Question not attempted

- 24. Consider the following statements: A: Multithreaded applications are
  - characterized by having a small highly threaded number of processes.
  - B: Multiprocess applications characterized by the presence of many single-threaded processes.

Which of the following is true about the above statements?

- (1) Only A is correct.
- (2) Only B is correct.
- (3) Neither A nor B is correct.
- (4) Both A and B are correct.
- (5) Question not attempted
- 25. Which of the following. best represents an event to invoke medium-term scheduler?
  - (1) Clock interrupts
  - (2) I/O interrupts
  - (3) New process creation
  - (4) Need of swapping
  - (5) Question not attempted
- Consider the five processes with 26. given arrival and service time. What will be the average turnaround time for Shortest Process Next (SPN)

scheduling algorithm	m ?				
Process	A	В	С	D	E
Arrival Time	0	2	4	6	8
Service Time (T <sub>S</sub> )	3	6	4	5	2

- (1) 7.6
- (2) 7.2
- (3) 7.8
- (4) 8
- (5) Question not attempted

(2) Twice

(3) Four times (4) Six times

- 27. Which of the following is saved during a context switch?
  - (1) Only the process ID
  - (2) CPU register values, memory information and process state
  - (3) Network status and battery level
  - (4) Only the process priority
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 28. Match the virtual memory terminologies in Column I to their descriptions in Column II:

Column I Column II

- a. Virtual i. The virtual storage address assigned to a process.
- b. Virtual ii. The range of address memory addresses space available to a process.
- c. Address iii. The address of a space storage location in main memory.
- d. Real iv. The address address assigned to a location in virtual memory to allow that location to be accessed as though it were part of main memory.

### Choose the correct option:

a b c d

- (1) ii i iii iv
- (2) iv i ii iii
- (3) i iii ii iv
- (4) iv iii i ii

(5) Question not attempted

29. Match the correct description :

Column I Column II

a. Throughput i. Time from process submission to

its first response being produced.

- b. Turnaround ii. Number of Time processes completed per unit of time.
- c. Waiting iii. Total time a Time process spends in the ready queue waiting for the CPU.
- d. Response iv. Total time from process submission to its completion, doing I/O, waiting in the ready queue, and executing

on the CPU.

### Options:

a b c d (1) iv ii iii i

- (2) ii iii iv i
- (3) ii iv i iii
- (4) ii iv iii i
- (5) Question not attempted
- 30. In a multithreaded process, which of the following is not shared among threads?
  - (1) Registers (2) Data
  - (3) Code (4) Files
  - (5) Question not attempted

Match RAID levels in Column I with 31. their description in Column II:

Column I Column II

a. RAID 2 Bit-interleaved parity

b. RAID 3 ii. Mirrored

- c. RAID 5 iii. Block-interleaved distributed parity
- iv. Redundant via d. RAID 1 Hamming code

a b d C i ii iv

- (1) iii (2) ii iv
- (3) iv iii ii i
- iii ii (4) iv
- (5) Question not attempted
- Which of the following is not a 32. characteristics of RAID?
  - (1) RAID is a set of physical disk drives viewed by the OS as a single logical drive.

(2) Data are distributed across the physical drives of an array in a scheme known as striping.

- (3) Redundant disk capacity is used to store parity information, which guarantees data recoverability in case of a disk failure.
- (4) RAID is primarily used to and encrypt compress across multiple disks.
- (5) Question not attempted
- 33. In a paging system with a TLB (Translation Lookaside Buffer), the TLB has a hit ratio of 80%. It takes 20 nanoseconds to search the TLB and 100 nanoseconds to access main memory. What is the effective memory access time?
  - (1) 120 nanoseconds
  - (2) 140 nanoseconds
  - (3) 160 nanoseconds
  - (4) 180 nanoseconds
  - (5) Question not attempted

- What key principle does the LRU page replacement algorithm use to decide which page to evict?
  - (1) The page with the smallest page number.
  - (2) The page that will not be used for the longest time in the future.
  - (3) The page that was loaded into memory most recently.
  - (4) The page that has not been used for the longest period of time.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 35. Consider a logical address 0001001011110000, which represents segment number 1 (leftmost 4 bits) Suppose that offset 752. this segment is residing in main memory starting at physical address 0010000000100000. Then, physical address of the segment is:
  - (1) 0010001100010000
  - (2) 0010001000011000
  - (3) 0001000101010000
  - (4) 0010000011011000
  - (5) Question not attempted
- Consider a system with five processes 36. Po through Pa and three resource types A, B, C. Suppose that, at time To, the following snapshot of the system has been taken:

inis	Allocation	Need	Available
	ABC	ABC	ABC
Po	010	743	230
P <sub>1</sub>	302	020	
P <sub>2</sub>	302	600	
P <sub>3</sub>	211	011	
P <sub>4</sub>	002	431	9 11 43

Check whether a request for (0, 2, 0) by Po can be granted according to Banker's Algorithm?

- (1) Yes (Request can be granted)
- (2) No (Request cannot be granted)

- (3) Cannot be decided
- (4) Resulting state is safe
- (5) Question not attempted

- 37. The memory allocation technique used in paging, may have :
  - (1) External fragmentation
  - (2) Internal fragmentation
  - (3) Hybrid fragmentation
  - (4) No fragmentation
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 38. Which type of semaphore can be used to provide mutual exclusion when mutex locks are not available?
  - (1) Counting semaphore
  - (2) Binary semaphore
  - (3) Timed semaphore
  - (4) Spinlock
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 39. A condition in which a process is spending more time paging than executing is called:
  - (1) Race condition
  - (2) Thrashing
  - (3) Aging
  - (4) Virtualization
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 40. Consider two processes, P3 and P4, that share global variables b and c, with initial values b = 1 and c = 2. At some point in its execution, P3 executes the assignment b = b + c, and at some point in its execution, P4 executes the assignment c = b + c. If P3 executes its assignment statement first, then the final values of b and c are:
  - (1) b = 3 and c = 5
  - (2) b = 5 and c = 3
  - (3) b = 3 and c = 4
  - (4) b = 4 and c = 3

(5) Question not attempted

- 41. Consider a disk queue with requests for Input/Output to blocks on cylinders in the given order. The disk head is initially at cylinder 53. 98, 183, 37, 122, 14, 124, 65, 67
  - What will be the number of total head movement for SSTF and SCAN algorithms respectively?
  - (1) 236, 208
  - (2) 208, 236
  - (3) 208, 208
  - (4) 236, 236
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 42. In a system with a 32-bit logical address space and a page size of 4 KB approximately, how many entries are there in the page table?
  - (1) 220 entries
  - (2) 210 entries
  - (3) 232 entries
  - (4) 212 entries
  - (5) Question not attempted
- **43.** Given functional dependencies on U(P, Q, R, S, T):

$$P \rightarrow QR$$

$$RS \rightarrow T$$

Which dependencies can not be inferred?

- (1) P → R
- (2)  $PS \rightarrow T$
- (3)  $R \rightarrow T$
- (4)  $PS \rightarrow Q$
- (5) Question not attempted

- 44. We want to add to the relation Studio(name, address, president), all movie studios that are mentioned in the relation Movie (title, year, length, incolour, studioName, producer) but do not appear in Studio. What will be the correct query for this?
  - (1) INSERT INTO Studio(name)
    SELECT DISTINCT studioName
    FROM Movie WHERE
    studioName NOT IN (SELECT
    name FROM Studio);
  - (2) INSERT INTO Studio(name) values as SELECT DISTINCT studioName FROM Movie WHERE studioName NOT IN (SELECT name FROM Studio);
  - (3) INSERT INTO Studio SELECT DISTINCT studioName FROM Movie WHERE studioName NOT IN (SELECT name FROM Studio);
  - (4) INSERT INTO Studio(name)
    values SELECT DISTINCT
    studioName FROM Movie
    WHERE studioName NOT IN
    (SELECT name FROM Studio);
  - (5) Question not attempted
- **45.** In the context of SQL standard, which of the following statement(s) is/are true?
  - Table function can be used in a Query.
  - II: Procedures are invoked by using a call statement.
  - (1) only I (2) only II
  - (3) Both I and II (4) Neither I nor II
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 46. Which of the following is a valid value that can be stored in a variable of type NUMERIC(4, 1) in SQL?
  - (1) 444.5
- (2) 44.55
- (3) 4.555
- (4) 3333.5
- (5) Question not attempted

- 47. What is the primary difference between a schema and an instance in a database?
  - Schema changes frequently while instance remains constant.
  - (2) Schema is data at a moment, instance is its structure.
  - (3) Schema is the structure, instance is the data.
  - (4) Schema and instance are always identical.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 48. A/An \_\_\_\_\_ is any condition that the database must always satisfy. Domain constraints and referential-integrity constraints are special forms of \_\_\_\_.

  Choose the ordered pair to correctly fill in the blanks.
  - (1) trigger, assertion
  - (2) assertion, trigger
  - (3) procedure, function
  - (4) assertion, assertion
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 49. Correct order of database abstraction levels, from the highest level of abstraction to the lowest level of abstraction is:
  - (1) Physical level, View level, Logical level
  - (2) View level, Logical level, Physical level
  - (3) Physical level, Logical level, View level
  - (4) Logical level, Physical level, View level
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 50. Which of the following control measures is not corresponding to database security?
  - (1) Access control
  - (2) Interface control
  - (3) Flow control
  - (4) Data encryption
  - (5) Question not attempted

51.	In context of ER diagram, the relationship set connecting the weak entity set to the identifying strong entity set is depicted by a and double lines are used to connect weak entity set to the relationship to indicate of weak entity set.  (1) double of weak entity set.  (1) double diamond, total participation  (2) dashed diamond, primary key  (3) dashed rectangle, cardinality ratio  (4) double rectangle, discriminator  (5) Question not attempted  Which of the following SQL	54.	(courseld, cname, credits, deptNo) and two queries Q1 and Q2. Q1: select deptNo, sum(credits) as totalCredits1 from course group by deptNo having totalCredits1=ANY (select max(x.totalCredits) from (select sum(credits) as totalCredits from course group by deptNo) as x); Q2: select deptNo, sum(credits) as totalCredits1 from course group by deptNo having totalCredits1>=ALL(select sum(credits) from course group by deptNo);
308 355	operations is used to remove a specific tuple from a relation?  (1) DROP  (2) DELETE  (3) TRUNCATE  (4) REMOVE  (5) Question not attempted		<ol> <li>Q1 will give same result as Q2.</li> <li>Q2 result will be subset of Q1 result.</li> <li>Q1 result will be subset of Q2 result.</li> <li>Q1 and Q2 will give different results.</li> <li>Question not attempted</li> </ol>
53.	<ul> <li>Given below are statements in context of Armstrong's axioms to find logically implied functional dependencies in DBMS.</li> <li>I. If B → C holds and A is a set of attributes, then AB → AC holds.</li> <li>II. If A is a set of attributes and B ⊆ A, then A → B holds.</li> <li>Choose the correct ordered pair to complete the following sentence:</li> </ul>	56.	A relation schema R is in
ertric	"Statement I is called rule and Statement II is called rule."  (1) Reflexivity, Augmentation  (2) Augmentation, Reflexivity  (3) Augmentation, Transitivity		correct regarding S? S: w1(A); w1(B); w2(A); r2(B); c2; c1; (1) Serializable but not recoverable (2) Both Serializable and Recoverable (3) Recoverable but not Serializable (4) Neither Serializable nor
	(4) Transitivity, Augmentation (5) Question not attempted	0	Recoverable (5) Question not attempted  03
7		-	03

(1) A super key is not always a candidate key. (2) A minimal super key is called a candidate key.

choose a false statement :

In context of a relational database,

57.

58.

(1) Only

- (3) One of the candidate keys is designated as primary key.
- (4) Primary key is a proper subset of one of the candidate keys. (5) Question not attempted

scalar

- In Object-Relational Data Models, which of the following is true about attributes of tuples?
- attributes are allowed. (2) Only string value attributes are allowed.

(3) Attributes of complex types

- including nested relation are allowed. (4) Only Boolean value attributes
- are allowed. (5) Question not attempted
- Which of the following is not a valid
- optimization? (1) Perform selection operations as early as possible.
- (2) Apply projections early to reduce the number of columns.
- Cartesian (3) Avoid products whenever possible.
- (4) Apply projections as late as possible to retain all attributes.
- (5) Question not attempted

- heuristic used in relational query

atomic value

61.

62.

60.

(3) Both S1 and S2 (4) Neither S1 nor S2 (5) Question not attempted

(1) S1 only (2) S2 only

- A technique called
- data or damage the database. (1) SQL injection (2) SQL assertion
- (3) SQL trigger (4) SQL procedure

phase locking?

- (5) Question not attempted
  - Which of the following statements correctly differentiates strict two-

Which Statement(s) is/are correct

to

technique

used, if multiple transactions

to

S2: Log-based techniques can be

used by malicious hackers to steal

then

are

execute

shadow-

execute

can be

ensures

deadlock

is

S1: If multiple transactions

from the following?

allowed

paging

concurrently,

are allowed

concurrently.

applicable.

locks (shared and exclusive) are released at the end of transaction. (2) In strict 2PL, all locks are

phase locking from rigorous two-

(1) In strict 2PL, exclusive locks are released at the end of the

transaction; in rigorous 2PL, all

released immediately after use; in rigorous 2PL, locks are never released. (3) Strict 2PL ensures serializability

and deadlock freedom.

- (4) Rigorous 2PL serializability and freedom.
- (5) Question not attempted

59.

(1) Utility Modern Laboratory (2) Unit Markup List (3) Unified Modeling Language (4) Unified Markup Link

Column - II

In context of software engineering,

- (5) Question not attempted
- Consider Column I and Column II in context of a software testing.

UML stands for :

Column - I

63.

64.

65.

- a. Basis Path i. Recovery Testing Testing ii. Alpha and b. Smoke **Beta Testing** Testing c. System
  - iii. White Box Testing Testing iv. Integration d. Acceptance Testing Testing Which of the following is the most

suitable Match of Column - I and

b a (1) iv i iii ii (2) iii iv ii (3) iii iv

Column - II?

- (4) ii iv iii (5) Question not attempted
- Choose the correct option considering the assertion and reason

multiple iterations.

Reason (R):

- in context of software engineering. Assertion (A): The Spiral supports progressive refinement of the software product through
- the planning region in spiral for feedback-based adjustments to cost, schedule, and the number of iterations. (1) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

Each pass through

- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (3) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (4) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- (5) Question not attempted

Efficiency (2) Mean-time-to-failure, Throughput, Maintainability

Results,

supportability?

failure (4) Fast recovery from failure, Consistency, Security

(3) Compatibility, Accuracy

Which of the following are four solid

dimensions of software feasibility?

(1) Finance, Coding, Time, Security

Programmer,

(4) Hardware, Software, Network,

the

supportability in context of FURPS

developed by Hewlett-Packard, the

namely

usability, reliability, performance and

(1) Consistency, Response time,

(5) Question not attempted

software

of

Technology,

following

correlated

design

Fast recovery from

performance

Time.

are

with

and

of

functionality.

Internet,

66.

67.

(2) Finance,

(3) Cost,

Which

target

respectively

reliability,

attributes

Resources

Computer

Security

- (5) Question not attempted
- software engineering? (1) Software Specification

Which of the following is not a part of

four activities that are fundamental to

- (2) Software Design Implementation
- (3) Software Evolution
- (4) Software Cohesion
- (5) Question not attempted

68.

and

- 69. What is a delivery approach to software development where some of the developed increments are delivered to the customer deployed for use in an operational environment?
  - (1) Forward delivery
  - (2) Incremental delivery
  - (3) Backward delivery
  - (4) Decremental delivery
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 70. Which of the following is not a part of Rational Unified Process (RUP) that is a part of modern process model?
  - (1) Elaboration
- (2) Exception

LO

3905

- (3) Construction (4) Transition
- (5) Question not attempted
- In which of the following system 71. development types agile methods have been very successful?
  - (1) Waterfall model-based development where a company is developing a small or mediumsized hardware for sale.
  - (2) Custom system development within an organization, where there is no commitment from the customer to become involved in the development process and where there are a lot of external rules and regulations that affect the software.
  - (3) Product development where a software company is developing a small or medium-sized product for sale.
  - (4) Product development where a software company is developing a large size product for sale.
  - (5) Question not attempted

- 72. Which of the following is not a type of non-functional requirements?
  - (1) Security requirements
  - (2) Usability requirements
  - (3) External requirements
  - (4) Technical & Tools requirements
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 73. What is an adhoc network as per IEEE 802.11?
  - (1) A basic service set without an access point.
  - (2) A basic service set with an access point.
  - (3) Two or more basic service sets with access point.
  - (4) Only access points but no basic service set.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 390 74. Which of the following statements about twists in twisted pair cables is TRUE?
  - Increasing the number of twists per unit of length reduces the cable's electrical resistance.
  - (2) More twists per unit of length in the cable increase signal distortion.
  - (3) A higher twist rate gives the better signal quality.
  - (4) Fewer twists per unit of length in the cable result in better noise immunity.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 75. Which of the following statements is TRUE about the High-Level Data-Link Control (HDLC) protocol?
  - (1) HDLC is a character-oriented protocol used on asynchronous links.
  - (2) HDLC provides authentication mechanisms for secure communication.
  - (3) HDLC is a point-to-point, bitoriented protocol standardized by ISO.
  - (4) HDLC is used exclusively for wireless communication between wireless nodes.

(5) Question not attempted

- 76. In digital modulation schemes using two carriers, a constellation diagram is particularly useful because it helps to
  - (1) measure only the frequency variations in the signal.
  - (2) visualize the amplitude and phase of each signal element.
  - (3) encode binary data directly without modulation.
  - (4) eliminate noise from the transmitted signal.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 77. A sender wants to compute the checksum for the ASCII test "RPSC". Which of the following is the correct 16-bit checksum (in hexadecimal) for the string "RPSC"? Given that each character's ASCII hexadecimal equivalent ('R' → 0x52, 'P' → 0x50, 'S' → 0x53, 'C' → 0x43).
  - (1) 5A6C
- (2) 5B6D
- (3) A593
- (4) 6A5C
- (5) Question not attempted
- 78. Which of the following is not a transport layer protocol in TCP/IP protocol suite?
  - (1) TCP
- (2) SNMP
- (3) SCTP
- (4) UDP
- (5) Question not attempted
- 79. Which of the following is collision free access control mechanism?
  - (1) ALOHA
  - (2) CSMA/CA
  - (3) Token Passing
  - (4) CSMA/CD

(5) Question not attempted

80. Match the OSI layers in Column – I with their tasks in Column – II:

Column - I

Column - II

- a. Data Link
   Layer
- end-to-end communication between source and destination programs
- b. Transport Layer
- ii. the sender breaks up the input data into data frames and transmit the frames sequentially
- c. Network Layer
- iii. Routing and forwarding
- iv. concerned with the syntax and semantics of the information transmitted

a b c

- (1) ii i iii
- (2) iv ii i
- (3) iii i iv
- (4) i iii ii
- (5) Question not attempted
- 81. Which of the following medium access mechanism use in Ethernet?
  - (1) CSMA/CD
  - (2) CSMA/CA
  - (3) Token passing
  - (4) ALOHA
  - (5) Question not attempted

- 82. Host C initiates two HTTP sessions to server B using source ports 26145 and 7532. Meanwhile, Host A choosing source port numbers independently of C also uses 26145 as the source port for its HTTP session to B. How does Server B correctly distinguish between these connections for communication?
  - Server B identifies each session using only the destination port value.
  - (2) Server B blocks session that reuse any source port across different hosts.
  - (3) Server B uses all four fields: source IP, source port, destination IP, destination port.
  - (4) Server B accepts only one connection and rejects the duplicate port request.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- **83.** Which of the following is not a part of IPv4 datagram header?
  - (1) Time to live
  - (2) Fragmentation offset
  - (3) Source IP address
  - (4) Recursion field
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 84. What is the maximum binary signal transmission rate of a noiseless 3-kHz channel?
  - (1) 12000 bps (2) 6000 bps
  - (3) 3000 bps (4) 1500 bps
  - (5) Question not attempted 40
- 85. A block of addresses is granted to a small organization. We know that one of the addresses is 205.16.37.39/28. What is the last address in the block?
  - (1) 205.16.37.32
  - (2) 205.16.37.47
  - (3) 205.16.37.39
  - (4) 205.16.37.0
  - (5) Question not attempted

- 86. Match the following modes of communications in Column I to their descriptions in Column II:
  - Column I Column II
  - a. Simplex
    i. links that allow traffic in only one direction.
  - b. Half-Duplex ii. links that can be used in both directions at the same time.
  - c. Full-Duplex
    iii. links that can be used in either direction, but only one way at a time.

### Codes:

- a b c (1) i iii ii
- (2) ii iii i
- (3) iii ii i
- (4) ii i iii
- (5) Question not attempted
- 87. A receiver using Manchester decoding expects a transition in every bit period. If the line goes from high to high during one bit period, what does the receiver most likely interpret?
  - (1) Bit 0
  - (2) Bit 1
  - (3) Bit error or synchronization loss
  - (4) Bit 1 followed by Bit 0
  - (5) Question not attempted

An IPv4 datagram arrives with the For a noiseless channel, the 91. following Header values: formula defines the theoretical In Fragment Offset and Flag field maximum bit rate respectively Fragment Offset = 0 (1) Nyquist bit rate MF = 0. What does this imply? (2) Shannon bit rate (1) The packet was fragmented and this is the last fragment. (3) Ethernet bit rate (2) The packet is the first fragment (4) None bit rate of a fragmented datagram. (5) Question not attempted (3) The packet was not fragmented at all. Which of the following is not range of 92. (4) The packet is a middle fragment. frequency band operate in Industrial (5) Question not attempted Scientific and Medical (ISM)? (1) 902 - 928 MHz 89. We want to digitize a human voice signal. Assuming that each audio (2) 2.4 - 4.835 GHz sample is represented using 8 bits (3) 5.725 - 5.850 GHz and the human voice normally (4) 1.5 - 1.6 GHz contains frequencies from 0 to 4000 (5) Question not attempted Hz. What is the resulting bit rate of the digitized signal? 93. A plain text message may be hidden (1) 128 kbps (2) 32 kbps in one of two ways. The methods of (3) 64 kbps (4) 256 kbpd (5) Question not attempted conceal the existence of the message, whereas the methods 90. Given a 5-bit sequence number field of render the message (i.e., sequence numbers range from 0 unintelligible to outsiders by various to 31), match each ARQ protocol with transformations of the text. its maximum permissible (Sender Choose the valid ordered pair to fill Window, Receiver Window) to avoid in the blanks. ambiguity in frame recognition. (1) steganography, cryptography Column - A Column - B (2) cryptography, steganography (Protocol) (Window Size) (3) encoding, decoding a. Stop-and-wait i. (31, 1) (4) authentication, hashing ARQ b. Go-Back-N ARQ ii. (16, 16) (5) Question not attempted c. Selective iii. (1, 1) Repeat ARQ Which of the following is not provided 94. iv. (18, 18) by Digital Signature directly? v. (32, 1) (1) Authentication a b C (2) Integrity (1) iii iv (2) iii (3) Non-repudiation ii (3) ii iii (4) Confidential communication (4) iv (5) Question not attempted (5) Question not attempted

- 95. In the context of mobile computing, GSM stands for :
  - (1) Global System for Mobile Communications
  - (2) Global positioning System for Mobile phones
  - (3) Guaranteed Security for Mobility
  - (4) Graded protocol for Safety Management
  - (5) Question not attempted
- **96.** In the context of standard fuzzy operations on fuzzy sets, which of the following gives  $(A \cap B)(x)$ ?
  - (1) 1 A(x) (2) min[A(x), B(x)]
  - (3)  $\max[A(x), B(x)]$  (4) 1 B(x)
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 97. Which cloud computing model delivers applications over the internet, allowing users to access services like word processing and CRM without installing them locally?
  - (1) Infrastructure as a Service (laaS)
  - (2) Software as a Service (SaaS)
  - (3) Platform as a Service (PaaS)
  - (4) Hardware as a Service (HaaS)
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 98. Choose the correct option considering the assertion and reason in context of Service Level Agreement (SLA) in cloud computing. Assertion (A): SLAs are important only from the customer's point of view.
  - Reason (R) : Customers use SLAs to compare services and choose the best CSP.
  - (1) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
  - (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
  - (3) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
  - (4) (A) is false, (R) is true.
  - (5) Question not attempted

- 99. In the context of text normalization, which of the following statements best describes lemmatization?
  - It is the process of converting all letters in a text to lowercase.
  - (2) It is the process of splitting a paragraph into words.
  - (3) It maps different word forms to their base or root form.
  - (4) It removes all punctuation marks from the text.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 100. Input block size, key size and output block size in Data Encryption Standard (DES) are respectively
  - (1) 128-bit, 64-bit, 128-bit
  - (2) 64-bit, 32-bit, 64-bit
  - (3) 64-bit, 56-bit, 64-bit
  - (4) 64-bit, 64-bit, 128-bit
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 101. Which of the following is TRUE about a hypervisor in a virtualized system?
  - It lets each guest OS control hardware and manage other VMs.
  - (2) It allows secure sharing of hardware among multiple guest OSs.
  - (3) It enables guest OSs to run in kernel mode and manage devices.
  - (4) It isolates VMs but prevents live migration between platforms.
  - (5) Question not attempted

- 102. In GSM Architecture, which of the following stores the local copy of the data from the HLR? (1) MSC (2) VLR (3) AUC (4) Mobile Station (5) Question not attempted 103. Which of the following is not a type of firewall? (1) Stateful Inspection (2) Application Proxy (3) Packet Filtering (4) ITU-T X.509
  - (5) Question not attempted
  - 104. GSM technology is combination of
    - (1) TDMA and FDMA
    - (2) TDMA and CDMA
    - (3) CDMA and FDMA
    - (4) TDMA, CDMA and FDMA
    - (5) Question not attempted
- 105. In a fuzzy inference system, the defuzzification step is used to :
  - (1) Convert crisp input into fuzzy values
  - (2) Generate fuzzy output from rules
  - (3) Convert fuzzy output into a crisp value
  - (4) Normalize the fuzzy sets
  - (5) Question not attempted

- 106. In public key cryptography, which key is used to verify a digital signature?
  - (1) Sender's private key
  - (2) Sender's public key
  - (3) Receiver's public key
  - (4) Receiver's private key
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 107. Consider Column I and Column -Il in context of malwares.

Column - I

Column - II

- a. Rootkit
- . i. An infected machine activated to launch attacks on other machines.
- b. Zombie
- Appears to be useful, but also has a hidden malicious function.
- c. Spyware iii. Collects information and transmits it to another system.
- d. Trojan horse
- iv. Set of hacker tools used after breaking into a computer system and gaining rootlevel access.

Which of the following is the most suitable Match of Column - I and Column - II?

b a d C

(1) iv i iii ii

(2) ii iii i iv

(3) ii i iii iν (4) i iv ii iii

(5) Question not attempted

<b>108.</b> The octal equivalent of Binary no. (1110100.0100111) <sub>2</sub> is:	114. Which of the following describes a 32 × 8 ROM?
(1) (153.235) <sub>8</sub> (2) (062.137) <sub>8</sub> (3) (264.235) <sub>8</sub> (4) (164.234) <sub>8</sub> (5) Question not attempted	<ul> <li>(1) 8 words of 32 bits each</li> <li>(2) 32 words of 8 bits each</li> <li>(3) 32 input lines and 8 output lines</li> <li>(4) 8 input lines and 32 output lines</li> <li>(5) Question not attempted</li> </ul>
109. Result obtained from subtracting (1001) <sub>2</sub> from (1100) <sub>2</sub> is:  (1) (1001) <sub>2</sub> (2) (1100) <sub>2</sub> (3) (0011) <sub>3</sub> (4) (0001) <sub>3</sub>	115. How many unique states can a K-bi switch tail ring counter generate?  (1) K (2) 2K

(5) Question not attempted 110. The logical output of EX-NOR gate is:

(1) 
$$(A \cdot B + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B})$$
 (2)  $(\overline{A} \cdot B + A \cdot \overline{B})$ 

(3) 
$$(A \cdot B + \overline{A \cdot B})$$
 (4)  $(\overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} + A \cdot \overline{B})$ 

(5) Question not attempted

111. For Boolean function, f(A, B, C) =  $\Sigma$  0, 1, 3, 5 +  $\Sigma$  2, 7, the minimized sum-of-product equation is: (using K-map)

(1) 
$$C + \overline{A}$$
 (2)  $\overline{A} + \overline{C}$ 

(3) 
$$\overline{A} + \overline{B} + \overline{C}$$
 (4)  $\overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C}$ 

(5) Question not attempted

112. The nos. of selection lines for 8 to 1 multiplexer are:

(1) 2(2) 4

(3) 1(4) 3

(5) Question not attempted

113. How many decade counters are connected in cascade to count from 0 to 999?

> (1) 3(2) 5

> (4) 9(3) 6

(5) Question not attempted

(3) K<sup>n</sup>

 $(4) 2^{K}$ 

(5) Question not attempted

116. (FE35)<sub>16</sub> XOR (CB15)<sub>16</sub> is equal to

(1) (3320)<sub>16</sub> (2) (FF35)<sub>16</sub>

(3) (FF50)<sub>16</sub> (4) (3520)<sub>16</sub>

(5) Question not attempted

117. According to the duality theorem, the dual of the Boolean expression A + 0 = A is:

(1) 
$$A \cdot 1 = A$$
 (2)  $A \cdot 0 = 0$ 

(3) 
$$A + 1 = A$$
 (4)  $A \cdot A = A$ 

(5) Question not attempted

118. In usual notations, the expression

$$(p \land \neg q) \longrightarrow (q \lor \neg p)$$
 is logically equivalent to

$$(1) \ \neg q \longrightarrow p \qquad (2) \ p \longrightarrow \neg q$$

(3)  $p \longrightarrow q$ 

 $(4) q \longrightarrow p$ 

(5) Question not attempted

119. The converse, contrapositive and inverse statements of p --- q are respectively -

(1) 
$$p \longrightarrow \sim q$$
,  $q \longrightarrow p$ ,  $\sim p \longrightarrow \sim q$ 

(2) 
$$q \longrightarrow p$$
,  $\sim q \longrightarrow \sim p$ ,  $\sim p \longrightarrow \sim q$ 

(3) 
$$q \longrightarrow p$$
,  $\sim p \longrightarrow \sim q$ ,  $\sim p \longrightarrow \sim q$ 

(4) 
$$q \longrightarrow p$$
,  $\sim q \longrightarrow \sim p$ ,  $\sim q \longrightarrow \sim p$ 

(5) Question not attempted

**120.** If  $A = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : |x+1| < 2\}$  and

 $B = \{x \in R : |x-1| \ge 2\}, \text{ then } (B-A)$ is equal to (where R is set of real numbers)

- (1) R (-1, 1) (2) R (-3, 3)
- (3) (-1, 1)
- (4) (-3, 3)
- (5) Question not attempted
- 121. Which of the following is not true for relation S defined on set R of real numbers?
  - (1)  $(x, y) \in S \Leftrightarrow |x| |y| \le 1$  is reflexive but not symmetric.
  - (2)  $(x, y) \in S \Leftrightarrow |x y| \le 1$  is reflexive and symmetric.
  - (3)  $(x, y) \in S \Leftrightarrow 0 < |x y| \le 1$  is symmetric and transitive.
  - (4)  $(x, y) \in S \Leftrightarrow 0 < |x| |y| \le 1$  is neither symmetric nor transitive.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 122. Five-digit numbers are formed using digits from the set {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} and the repetition of digits is allowed. If these numbers are divisible by 4, then total number of such numbers is
  - (1) 25
- (2) 125
- (3) 625
- (4) 3125
- (5) Question not attempted
- 123. If the number of elements in sets A and B be 5 and 2 respectively, then the number of subsets of A × B, such that each subset has atleast 3 and atmost 6 elements, is
  - (1) 892
- (2) 672
- (3) 792

- (4) 540
- (5) Question not attempted

- 124. In a survey of 100 persons, it was found that 28 read mathematics, 30 read physics, 42 read chemistry, 8 read mathematics and physics, 10 read mathematics and chemistry, 5 read physics and chemistry and 3 read all the three subjects. How many read chemistry only?
  - (1) 27
- (2) 30
- (3) 24
- (4) 33
- (5) Question not attempted
- 125. Which of the following statements cannot be proved by principle of mathematical induction?
  - (1)  $6^{n+2} + 7^{2n+1}$  is divisible by 43
  - (2)  $|n| \ge 2^{n-1}$
  - (3) If a and b are odd integers, then (a + b) is an even integer
  - (4) For  $n \ge 4$ ,  $3^n > n^3$
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 126. Three vertices of a regular hexagon are chosen. A triangle is formed with these three chosen vertices. The probability, that this triangle equilateral, is
  - $(1) \frac{1}{2}$
- $(2) \frac{1}{5}$
- $(3) \frac{1}{10}$
- (5) Question not attempted
- 127. A bag contains 6 balls. Two balls are drawn from it at random and both found to black. be The probability that the bag contains atleast 5 black balls is
  - $(1) \frac{2}{7}$
- (2)  $\frac{3}{7}$
- $(3) \frac{5}{7}$
- (5) Question not attempted

<ul> <li>128. A simple graph has</li> <li>(1) Both parallel edges and self loops</li> <li>(2) Self loops but no parallel edge</li> <li>(3) Parallel edges but no self loop</li> <li>(4) Neither parallel edge nor self loop</li> <li>(5) Question not attempted</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>132. A die is thrown two times. Sum of the obtained numbers is multiple of 4. The probability, that digit 4 has appeared at least once, is</li> <li>(1) <sup>2</sup>/<sub>9</sub></li> <li>(2) <sup>4</sup>/<sub>9</sub></li> <li>(3) <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub></li> <li>(4) <sup>1</sup>/<sub>9</sub></li> <li>(5) Question not attempted</li> </ul>
129. If a graph has 31 edges and each vertex of the graph has degree atleast 3, then maximum number of	to address a memory of 512 bytes? (1) 6 (2) 7 (3) 8 (4) 9

possible vertices in the graph

- (1) 19
- (2) 20
- (3) 21
- (4) 22
- (5) Question not attempted

130. A drawer contains 12 red and 12 socks are socks. All blue unmatched. To get at least two blue socks, how many socks must be random without out at taken replacement?

- (1) 24
- $(2) \cdot 18$
- (3) 14
- (4) 12
- (5) Question not attempted

131. Study the following statements: Statements:

- I A cycle is an open walk with no repeated vertex.
- II A circuit is a closed walk with no repeated edge.

Which of the following is correct?

- (1) Only Statement I is true.
- (2) Only Statement II is true.
- (3) Both Statements I and Il are true.
- (4) Neither Statement I nor II is true.
- (5) Question not attempted

(5) Question not attempted

134. In Register direct addressing mode, data are accessed by,

(1) specifying the register name in which they are stored.

- (2) specifying the memory location in which they are stored.
- (3) secondary storage.
- (4) specifying the data directly.
- (5) Question not attempted

data transfer by peripheral 135. In devices, which of the following statement is correct?

(1) CPU is kept in loop to check whether data is available.

- (2) CPU assumes that a peripheral is always available.
- (3) SOD pin is used.
- (4) When a peripheral is ready, it sends interrupt signal to the CPU to transfer data.
- (5) Question not attempted

136. Which Register holds the address of the next instruction to be executed?

- (1) Instruction Register
- (2) Accumulator
- (3) Program Counter
- (4) Data Register
- (5) Question not attempted

- 137. What is the full form of SDRAM?
  - (1) Synchronous Dynamic Random Access Memory
  - (2) Synchronous Data Random Access Memory
  - (3) Synchronous Dynamic Random-Access Message
  - (4) Synchronous Data Random Access Message
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 138. An attempt to divide by zero results in which type of interrupt?
  - (1) External Interrupt 40
  - (2) Internal Interrupt
  - (3) Software Interrupt
  - (4) Power failure Interrupt
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 139. If a branch instruction causes a change in flow control during pipelining,
  - (1) execution is delayed.
  - (2) the pipeline is emptied and subsequent instructions are discarded.
  - (3) only decoding is paused.
  - (4) no change occurs.
  - (5) Question not attempted
- 140. Secondary storage devices are used to store
  - (1) Small volatile data
  - (2) Unused data in small quantity
  - (3) Mass non-volatile data and program
  - (4) Data for high speed communication like in cache
  - (5) Question not attempted

- 141. A computer with cache access time of 100 ns, a main memory access time of 1000 ns, and a hit ratio of 0.9 produces an average memory access time of
  - (1) 1100 ns
- (2) 200 ns
- (3) 900 ns (4) 150 ns
- (5) Question not attempted
- 142. If 2<sup>n</sup> words are in main memory and 2K words are in cache memory, then the bits for tag field and index field of n-bit memory address are respectively.
  - (1) n, K
- (2) K, n
- (3) n K, K
- (4) n + K, n
- (5) Question not attempted
- 143. The output of the following Statements are

int a=5;cout << "FIRST" << (a << 2)<< "SECOND";

- (1) FIRST52SECOND
- (2) FIRST20SECOND
- (3) SECOND25FIRST.
- (4) SECOND8FIRST
- (5) Question not attempted
- 144. Which of the following is a logical operator in C++?
  - (1) &
- (2) &&
- (3) |
- $(4) \sim$
- (5) Question not attempted
- 145. Which of these supports compiletime polymorphism in C++?
  - (1) Virtual functions
  - (2) Templates
  - (3) Inheritance
  - (4) Abstract classes
  - (5) Question not attempted

#### 146. Consider the following C++ code:

```
#include <iostream>
int change(int&);
int main()
{int a=1,b=2;
a=change(b);
   cout<<a<b;
   return 0;
}
int change(int &x)
{
x=10;
return(11);</pre>
```

Find output of the above code.

- (1) Compile error (2) Run time error
- (3) 112
- (4) 1110
- (5) Question not attempted

## 147. Which of the following cannot be declared static in C++?

- (1) function
- (2) class
- (3) member variables
- (4) constructor
- (5) Question not attempted

### 148. Consider the program below. What will be the output?

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
class Sample{
string name;
public:
Sample(){
cout << "s" << "";
Sample (string s):name (s) {
cout<<name<<"";
};
int main(){
Sample s1; //LINE-1
Sample *s2 = new Sample ("s2");
Sample *s3;
new Sample ("s4");
return 0;
(1) s2 s4 s
               (2) ss2ss4
(3) s2ss4
               (4) ss2s4
```

(5) Question not attempted

- 149. Which of the following statements about destructors in C++ is TRUE?
  - Destructors can be overloaded if needed.
  - A destructor must have a return type, typically void.
  - (3) A destructor can take parameters to customize object cleanup.
  - (4) If a class does not define a destructor, the compiler provides a default public destructor.
  - (5) Question not attempted

# 150. Consider the following code and determine the output:

```
#include<iostream>
                       cout<<"This is
using namespace std;
                       C's vfunc() \n";
class A {
  public:
                     };
  virtual void
                     int main()
  vfunc() {
  cout<<"This is
                       A *p, b;
  A's vfunc()\n";
                       B d1;
                       C d2:
};
                       p=&d1;
class B:public A{
                       p->vfunc();
  public:
                       p=&b;
  void vfunc() {
                       p->vfunc();
  cout<<"This is
                       p=&d2;
  B's vfunc() \n";
                       p->vfunc();
                       Return 0;
};
class C:public A{
  public:
```

(1) This is B's vfunc()
 This is A's vfunc()
 This is C's vfunc()

void vfunc() {

- (2) This is A's vfunc()
  This is B's vfunc()
  This is C's vfunc()
- (3) This is C's vfunc()
  This is A's vfunc()
  This is B's vfunc()
- (4) This is A's vfunc()
  This is C's vfunc()
  This is B's vfunc()
- (5) Question not attempted

### रफ कार्य के लिए स्थान / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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### **RAJASTHAN PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, AJMER**

### Vice Principal / Superintendent ITI (Skill, Emp. and Entp. Dept.) Comp. Exam-2024

**Subject : Computer Science Engineering** 

Exam Date : 30-07-2025

Model Answer Key Issue Date: 22-08-2025

Answer key as per the Question Paper uploaded on Website

	Answ
Q. No.	RES
1	2
2	3
3	1
4	3
5	3
6	3
7	3
8	2
9	1
10	1
11	3
12	2
13	3
14	1
15	2
16	4
17	3
18	3
19	1
20	1
21	4
22	3
23	3
24	
	4
25	4
26	1
27	2
28	2
29	4
30	1
31	3
32	4
33	2
34	4
35	1
36	2
37	2
38	2
39	2
40	1
41	1
42	1
43	3
44	1
45	3
46	1
47	3
48	4
49	2
50	2
	<u> </u>

r the Ques	tion Pape
Q. No.	RES
51	1
52	2
53	2
54	1
55	1
56	1
57	4
58	3
59	4
60	3
61	1
62	1
63	3
64	3
65	1
66	2
67	2
68	4
69	2
70	2
71	3
72	4
73	1
74	3
75	3
76	2
77	1
78	2
79	3
80	1
81	1
82	3
83	4
84	2
85	2
86	1
87	3
	3
88	
89	3
90	2
91	1
92	4
93	1
94	4
95	1
96	2
97	2
98	4
99	3
100	3

Q. No.	RES
101	2
102	2
103	4
104	1
105	3
106	2
107	1
108	4
109	3
110	1
111	1
112	4
113	1
114	2
115	2
116	4
117	1
118	3
119	2
120	2
121	3
122	3
123	3
124	2
125	3
126	3
127	3
128	4
129	2
130	3
131	2
132	4
133	4
134	1
135	4
136	3
137	1
138	2
139	2
140	3
141	2
142	3
143	2
144	2
145	2
146	4
147	4
148	4
149	4
150	1
130	1

<sup>\*</sup> Means deleted (if any)